





COLLECTION AND WASTE REMOVAL

Waste management







Waste collection

In 2013, we lowered the frequency of collection for residual waste and introduced the collection of recyclables (packaging and paper).



underground collection units for effective and eye-friendly waste disposalin the City centre.

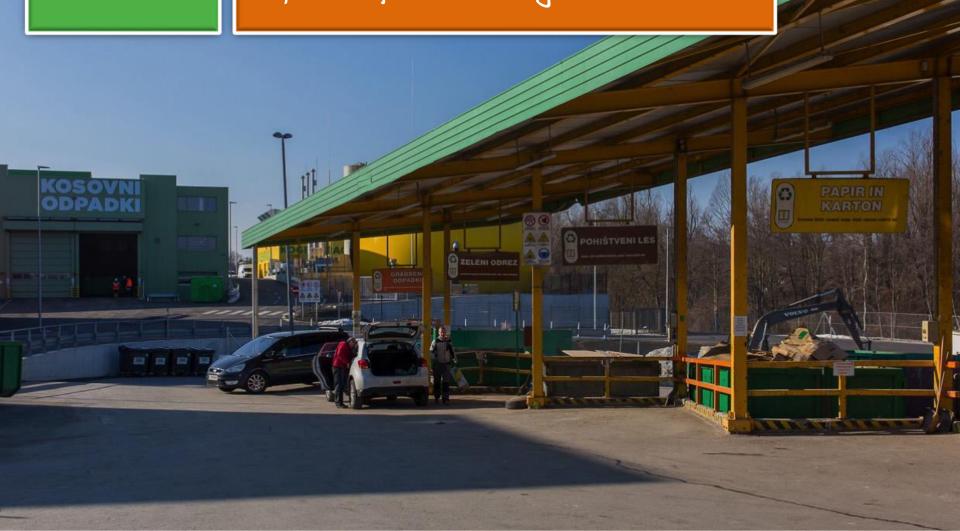
Almost 9.000 bins of all sizes and for all five types of waste were replaced by underground units.





Waste collection centres

More than 20 types of waste can be disposed of without charge.





While waste disposal at collection centres is free, there are quantity and frequency limits that should be considered: construction waste and insulation construction waste (0.5 m3), tyres (5 tyres), bulky waste (3 m3), green waste (garden waste) (1.5 m3), asbestos insulating boards (Europallet to the height of 0.5 m) and furniture wood (2 m3).

For the removal of waste generated within the scope of economic activities (production, craft, agriculture), the business operator is obliged to sign a contract with a suitable company authorised for collecting and processing waste.



Bulky waste

bathroom fittings, furniture; carpeting; padded furniture and mattres lamps and lamps hades.

Users are entitled to free but waste removal once a year (in a multi-apartment building several residents submit a porder for waste removal, the use this service twice a year

Waste removal should be on Users need to place and ord wait for us to call them so we set a date. Bulky waste should be placed at the designated local for municipal waste day a head and of removal.



Ljubljana is an Ell capitalwith the largest share of separately collected waste



LONDON











PARIS

BRUSSELS

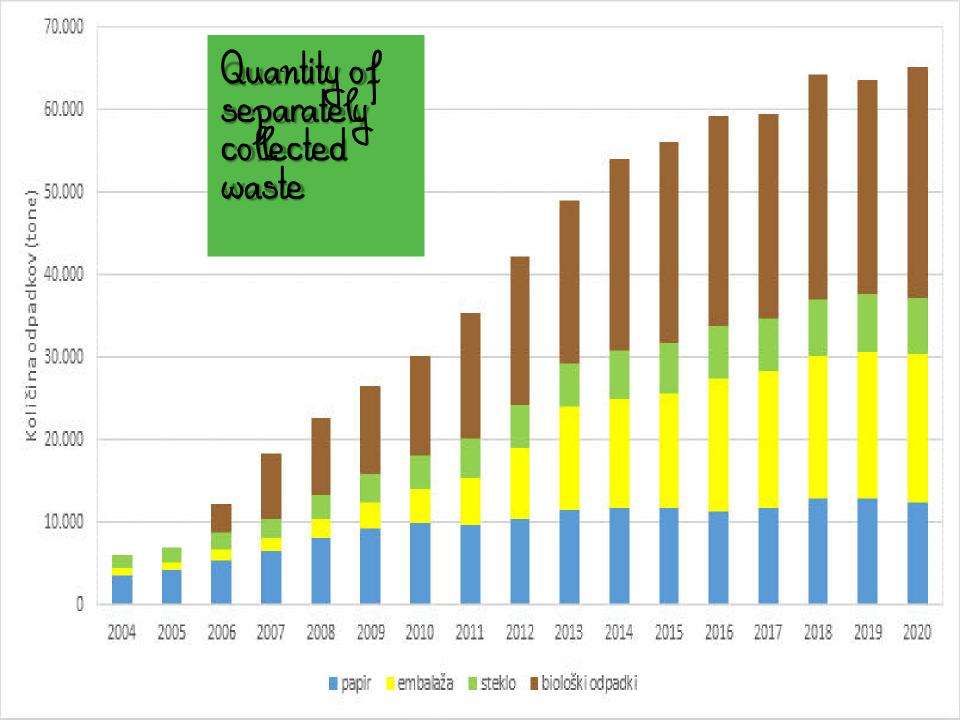
BERLIN

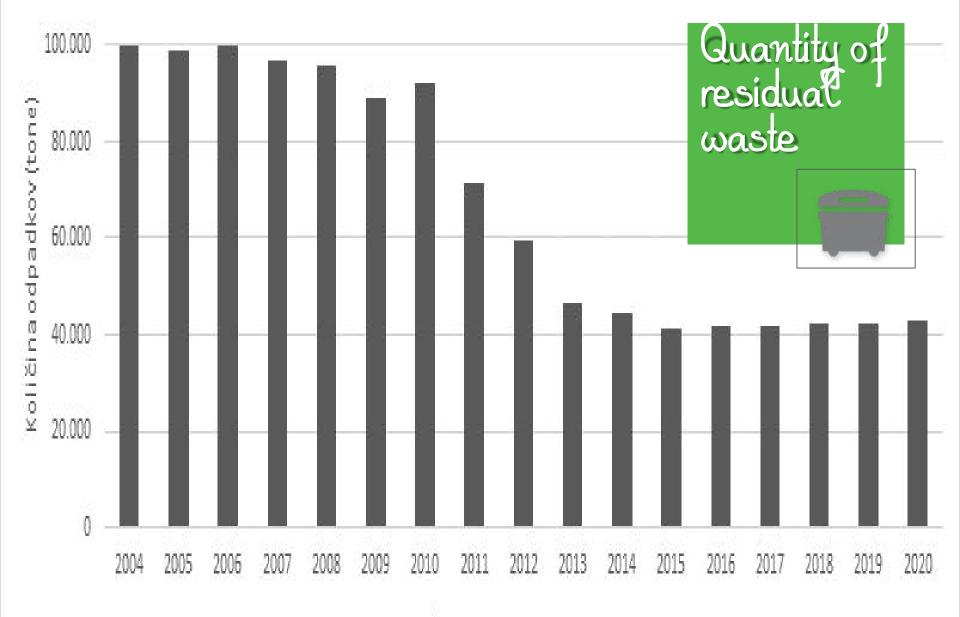
ROME

We are doing great!

In 2020 we separately collect 69,5% of municipal waste







■ mešani komunalni odpadki



The structure of waste management legislation is in line with Ell law.

The implementation of the Waste Framework Directive for MSW occurs through the various legislative articles:

- Environmental Protection Act;
- Decree on waste;
- Decree on biodegradable kitchen waste and garden waste management; Decree on the treatment of biodegradable waste and the use of compost or digestate ...

In total around 50 acts have been issued at the national level covering the various aspects of waste management.



Municipal legislation

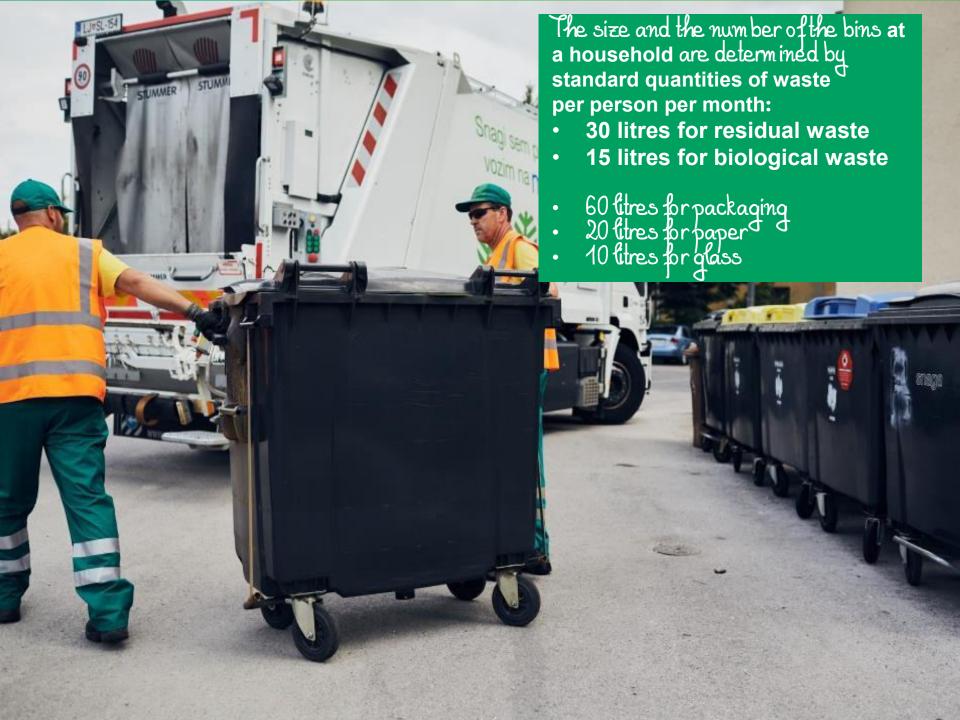
Ordinance on municipal waste collection



How do we calculate the cost users pay?



The cost (PAYT) is calculated depending on the size and the number of **bins for residual waste** and **bin for biological waste** (if user has one); we take the **monthly frequency of bin emptying.**





National legislation regarding pricing

The Environmental Protection Act

• sets out mandatory municipal public services for the protection of the environment: collection and processing of certain types of municipal waste, disposal of processing waste etc.

Decree on the methodology for determining prices of obliquatory municipal public services for environmental protection (i.e. MEDO) sets the methodology for determining prices of services sets basics for municipallegislation:

o Ordinance on municipal waste collection

o Tariff decree

The Local Self-Government Act

allows for the establishment of a joint body that can validate prices for several municipalities

Who, how and what?



Who determines the price?

National legislation determines the methodology of determining and validation of pricing.

Ordinance on municipal waste collection and Tariff decree

The prices, which must be expressed in euros per kilogram, are determined in a detailed pricing study (elaborate).

Calculation to customer in euro per liter per volume in the lariff decree.

Pricing study is made annually.





The proposal of the study and the prices are examined and confirmed by the municipal councils (MC)

Confirming prices for waste collection, treatment and disposal for Voka Snaga:

11 MC for collection, 57 MC for treatment and waste disposal

The Local Self-Government Act allows for the establishment of a joint body that can validate prices for several municipalities.

The municipalities established
The RCERO Ljubljana council.
It has a statute, defined tasks and confirms prices.





What is taken into account at setting the price?

At setting the price for upcomming one year period:

- planned quantities of services delivered and

- the projected costs and revenue of the waste management company is taken into account.

At the end of this period the difference between the confirmed price and the calculated price is adjusted.





MEDO sets the right and the methodology for calculating the amount of compensation (and also prescribes balance payment).

The regulation prescribes two possible ways for balance payment.

The calculated difference between the confirmed and the calculated price can be added to the next pre-budget price or the pay can be made in a single amount.



The invoice comprises of price for:

MUNICIPAL WASTE

Separately displayed prices for collection, processing disposal. Each of these three consists of two prices:

• for public infrastructure,

for public service.

The price includes processing not separatelly collected bio waste.

MIXED MUNICIPAL WASTE

The price for mixed municipal waste also includes separate fractions (packaging, paper and glass), hazardous and bulky waste etc.

BIO WASTE

The cost for bio waste consists of prices for collecting (for public infrastructure and for public service). If composting bio-waste by themself, bio waste is not charged for.

Povprečno mesečno število praznjenj zabojnika je izračunano na letni ravni in določeno na dve decimalni mesti.

| Vrsta odpadka | Število zabojnikov ali vrečk | Prostornina zabojnikov ali vrečk v litrih | Povprečno mesečno št. praznjenj | Delež na | ZM | Dnevi praznjenj v naslednjem mes | | |
|--|------------------------------------|--|--|----------|--|--|--|-----|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | | | |
| Mešani kom. odp. (MKO) | 1 | 120 | 4,35 | 100 % | | 5.8., 12.8., 19.8., 26.8., 2.9., 9.9 | | |
| Biološki odpadki (BIO) | 1 | 240 | 4,35 | 100 % | | 4.8., 11.8., 18.8., 25.8., 1.9., 8.9 | | |
| Embalaža | 1 | 240 | 4,35 | 0 % | | 6.8., 13.8., 20.8., 27.8., 3.9., 10. | | |
| Papir | 1 | 240 | 4,35 | 0 % | | 2.8., 9.8., 16.8., 23.8., 30.8., 6.9 | | |
| Storitve javne službe | | | Obračuns količina v m ³ | | | Obračunska količina v kg | Cena v EUR/kg brez DDV | Vre |
| | | | 5=1×2×3×4/ | /1000 | 6 | 7=5×6 | 8 | |
| Obračun storitev za obdobje od 1.7 | .21 do 31.7.21 | | | | | | | |
| Obračun storitve ravnanja KO - komunalni odpadki, od tega: - javna infrastruktura zbiranja KO - storitev zbiranja KO - javna infrastruktura obdelave KO - storitev obdelave KO - javna infrastruktura obdelave BIO - storitev obdelave BIO - javna infrastruktura odlaganja ostankov KO - storitev odlaganja KO Obračun storitve ravnanja BIO - biološki odpadki, od tega: - javna infrastruktura zbiranja BIO - storitev zbiranja BIO - storitev zbiranja BIO | | | 0,5220 0,5220 0,5220 0,5220 0,5220 0,5220 0,5220 0,5220 | | 212,3314 212,3314 118,5895 118,5895 60,5142 60,5142 16,1282 16,1282 129,4727 129,4727 | 110,8370 110,8370 61,9037 61,9037 31,5884 31,5884 8,4189 8,4189 135,1695 135,1695 | 0,0038 0,1150 0,0205 0,1190 0,0337 0,0678 0,0264 0,1193 0,0017 0,0665 | |
| Skupaj storitev za obdobje od 1.7.2 | 1 do 31.7.21 | | | | | | | |
| Skupaj osnova: DDV 9,50 % | | | | | | | | |
| Skupaj vrednost z DDV: | | | | | | | | |
| okupuj vieuriost z DDV. | | | ZA PLAČILO | PILIR | | | | |
| | | | ZA F LACILY | O LOK | | | | |

Multiresidential buildings



The cost for users living in multi-residential buildings or neighbourhoods depends on:

- the size and the number of bins,
- the average number of monthly bin emptying.

In multi-residential buildings, the building's manager usually receives the bill, and then divides it in accordance with the legislation or agreement among tenants.

The cost is devided by:

- the number of people sharing a household,
- the number of building tenants.

Underground collection units

for users of underground collection units, the actual number of disposals per month is billed, but no fewer than six for residual waste and eight for biological waste.

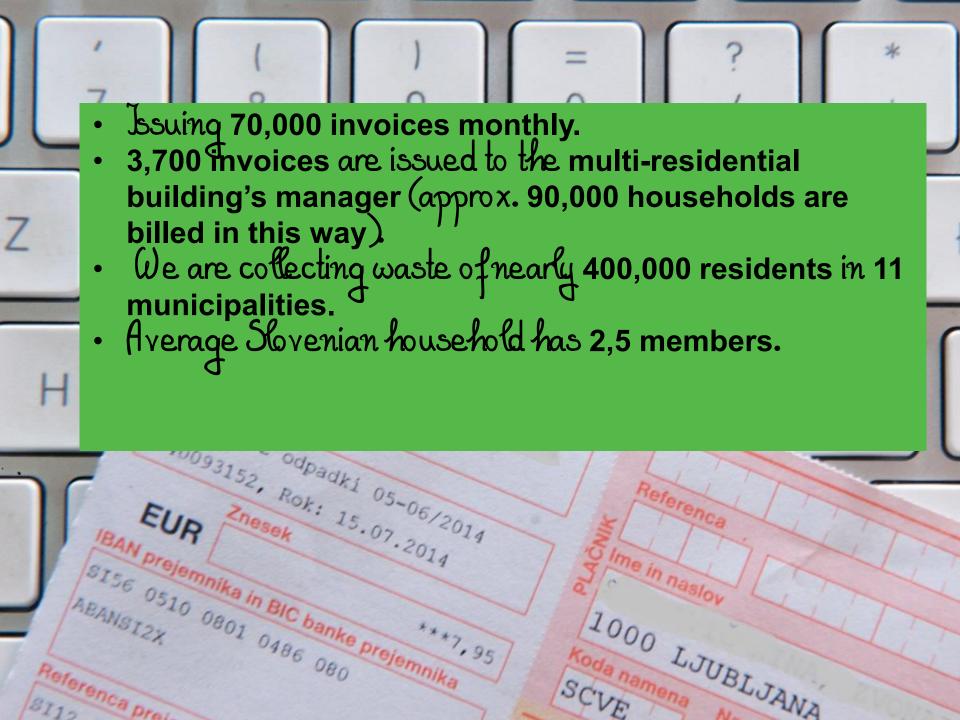
Every active card is billed.



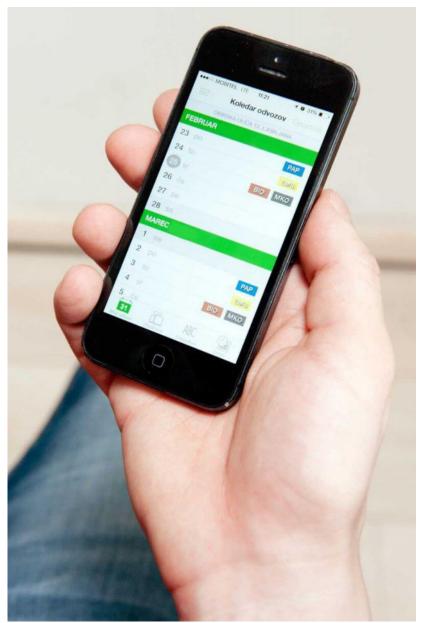








Waste collection schedule



There are several ways to obtain the dates and the schedule of waste collection:

- Check your invoice, where you can find dates of waste removal for the following month;
- Enter your address in <u>my removals</u> and check the removal dates for the next three months. You can also print the schedule from this page by clicking on "print";
- Set a free <u>SMS reminder</u>. For help with the settings, please, contact our User support and assistent centre on +386 1 477 96 00;
- Call the User support and assistance centre on +386 1 477 96 00;
- Send us an e-mail to <u>vokasnaga@vokasnaga.si</u> and, of course, add your address.

RCERO Ljubliana is the most modern and sustainable waste facility in Europe and the best example of regional cooperation, which has brought together 57 municipalities.



Mechanicalbiological facilities for waste processing

- Treatment of mixed household residual waste and waste from small businesses, service activities, etc.; 135,000 t/year.
- 2. Treatment of separately collected biodegradable household waste; 29,400 t/year.







Slovenian legislation allows different ways of bio waste treatment (aerobic and anaerobic).

Anaerobic fermentation approach has appeared as one of the most sustainable and promising solutions for bio waste management. In short time cycles, microorganisms divide the organic waste into biogas and fermentation residues. The method produces a good energy balance as well as low CO2 emissions and minimal odour development.

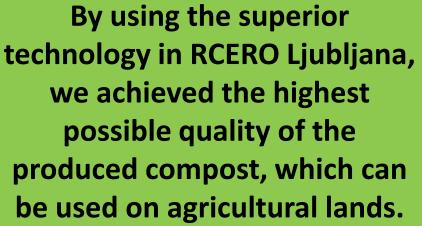
Voka Snaga through process of anaerobic fermentation at RCERO Ljubliana MBT plant converts separately collected bio waste into biogas and first class compost and in this way also effectively addresses problems of climate change, waste and energy.

- 2,600 tons of compost following the treatment of separately collected organic biodegradable waste;
- 11,200 tons of sorted secondary raw materials,
- 64,000 tons of solid fuel from waste of different calorific values; 17,000 tons of digestate;
- 10,855 000 kWh of electric energy and
- 11,901 kWh of heat energy from biogas produced in the process.















Key messages

Target audience COMMUNICATION STRATEGY

Goals

Tools and channels



JP VOKA SNAGA @vokasnaga

Domov

Vizitka

Objave Videi

Fotografije

Dogodki

Mnenja

Skupnost

Promoviraj

Obišči središče za oglase





Objavil Tamara Vidic Perko [2] - 8. julij - 6

Labodji par, ki gnezdi na Koseškem bajerju, je letos vzgojil šest mladičev. Mladi labodi pa so včeraj dobili identifikacijske obročke.

Sodelavci iz Krajinski park Tivoli, Rožnik in Šišenski hrib redno spremljajo labodjo družino na Koseškem bajerju in pravijo, da je bila gnezditev v preteklih letih manj uspešna. Lani sta na primer preživela le dva mladiča.

Letošnjega gnezditvenega uspeha smo zato vsi izjemno veseli. 🙂 ...



LJUBLJANA.SI

Mladim labodom smo nadeli obročke

Labodji par, ki gnezdi na Koseškem bajerju, je letos uspešno vzgojil šest...

Deiavnosti

5.671 Dosežene osebe

Promoviraj objavo

OO 25

6 komentarjev 7 delitev









From no recycling to zero waste: how Ljubljana rethought its rubbish

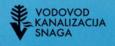
Fifteen years ago, all the Slovenian capital's waste went to landfill, but by 2025, at least 75% of its rubbish will be recycled. How did the city turn itself around?

Words and photographs by Luka Dakskobler





WASTE IS SCARY





City of Ljubljana



vokasnaga.si' LJUBLJANA. For you.

What have we learned?



Communicate, not educate.

Tell stories. Inspire change.

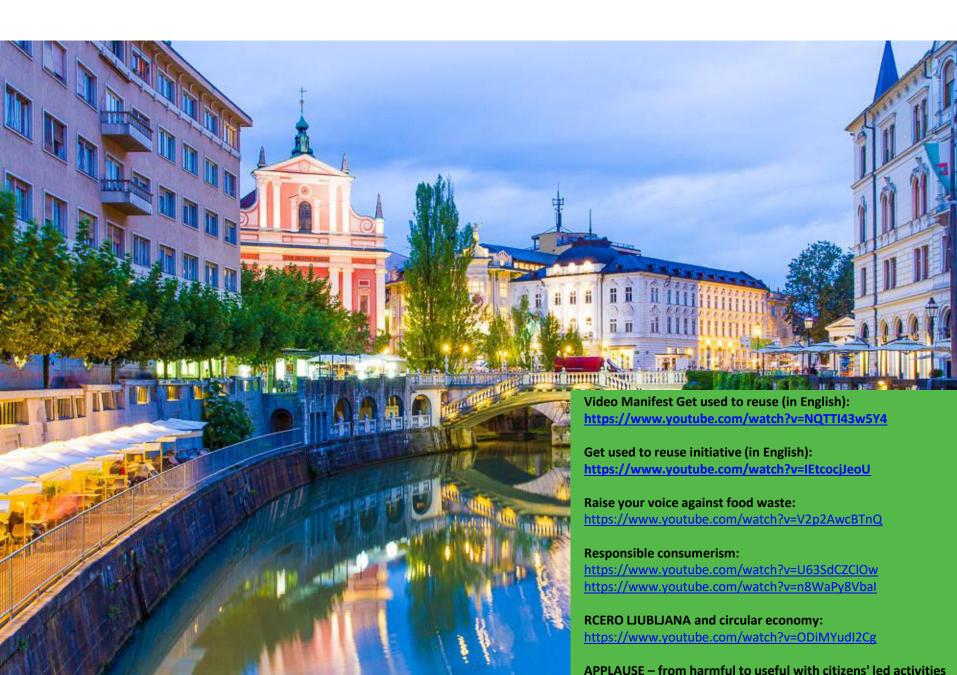
Cooperate and involve.

Deconstruct myths.

Establish good relations with media.

Think out of the box.

Be persistent.



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eZjqjLwt r0&list=PLeJixfrh

af42 WUfyB4z4L-oeBteSTgOP&index=16

